

# Modular Wrist Arthroplasty System Surgical Technique



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#### Indications for use

The KinematX Total Wrist Arthroplasty System is indicated for the replacement of wrist joints disabled by pain, deformity, and/or limited motion caused by:

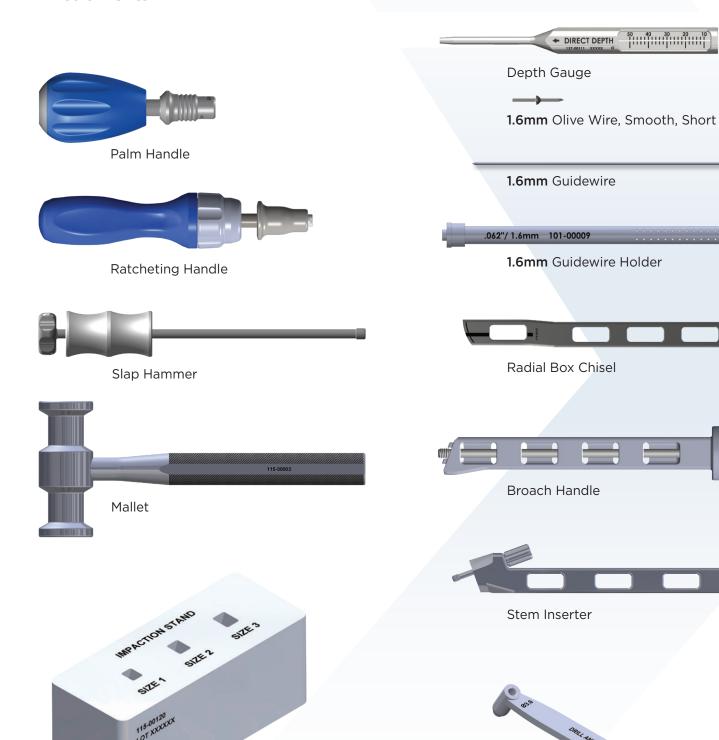


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## **Implants**

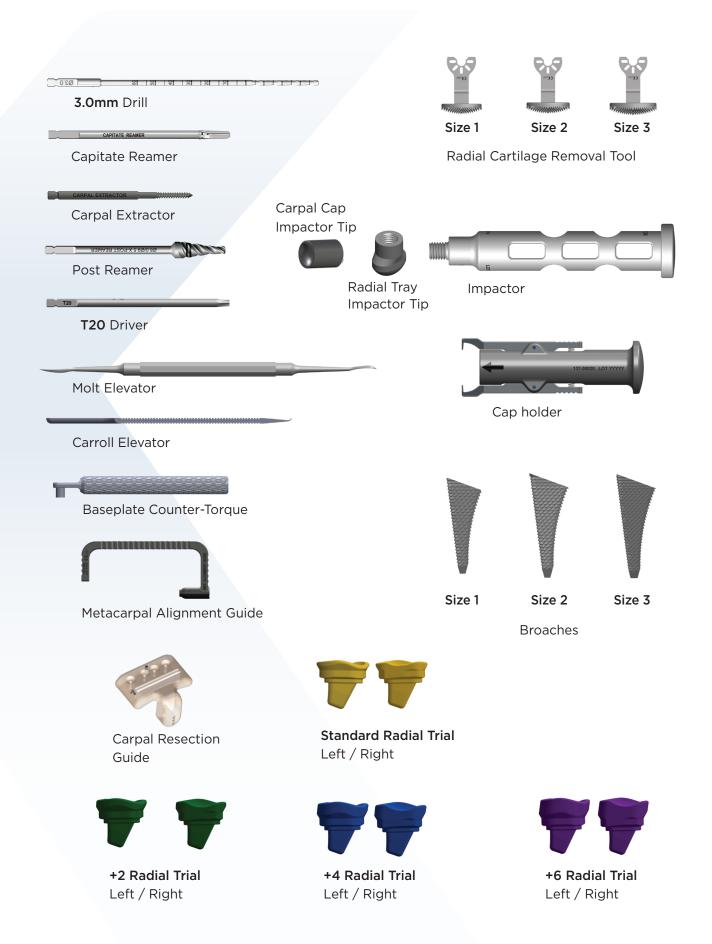


### **Instruments**



Drill and Wire Guide

Impaction Stand



### Step 1. Exposure

Utilizing a dorsal approach to the carpus, create a longitudinal incision approximately 5-7cm long in line with the third metacarpal beginning at the base of the third metacarpal.

#### Extensor Retinaculum

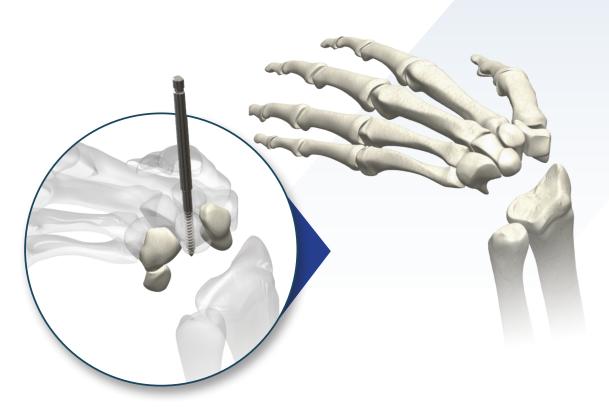
Incise and reflect a portion of the extensor retinaculum over the third and fourth dorsal compartments but leave the proximal 1-2cm of the retinaculum intact. Reflect the extensor tendons radially and ulnarwards to expose the wrist capsule. The approach allows preservation of the posterior interosseous innervation of the wrist, at the surgeon's discretion.

### Radiocarpal Exposure

Create a proximally-based rectangular dorsal capsular longitudinal flap by incising the capsule transversely at the CMC joints and along its most radial and ulnar margins. Raise the capsular flap from distal to proximal to expose the distal carpal row and midcarpal joint. Using a 7mm osteotome, raise a 1-2mm thick dorsal wafer of the triquetrum in continuity with the capsule in order to preserve the attachments of the dorsal radiocarpal and dorsal intercarpal ligaments.

### **Proximal Row Carpectomy**

Remove the scaphoid, lunate, and remainder of the triquetrum, taking care to preserve the capitate head and volar wrist ligaments. A Carpal Extractor instrument is provided with the system to assist with this process. The Carpal Extractor instrument can be inserted into each of these bones and act as a joy-stick to apply traction while employing elevators as the surgeon carefully divides the capsular and ligamentous attachments required for carpal extraction.



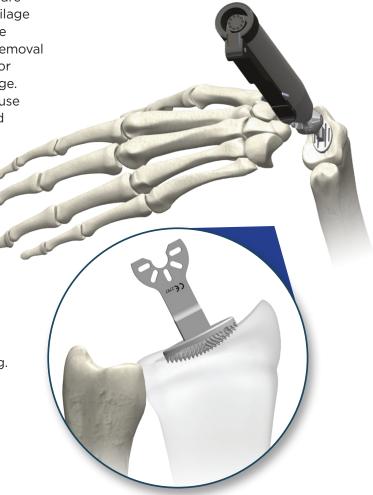
# Step 2. Radius Preparation: Denude the Articular Cartilage

This KinematX Total Wrist does not require any resection of the radius and thus preserves the length and inclination of the radius. Prepare the radius by removing the articular cartilage in the standard fashion with curettes. The system does provide a Radial Cartilage Removal Tool which can be a helpful instrument for the removal of the radial articular cartilage. If desired, attach this tool to power and use in a sweeping motion (radial to ulnar and dorsal to volar). Take care to create a smooth elliptical surface while preserving the subchondral bone along the with the dorsal and volar extrinsic capsular ligaments.

Ensure the entire surface of the radius including the dorsal and ulnar rim of bone of the articular surface is prepared.

The Radial Cartilage Removal Tool is available in three sizes which correspond to the Radial Stem size selected during pre-operative templating.

Note: The Radial Cartilage Removal Tool is compatible with Stryker TPS and Command II, and Conmed power-saws.





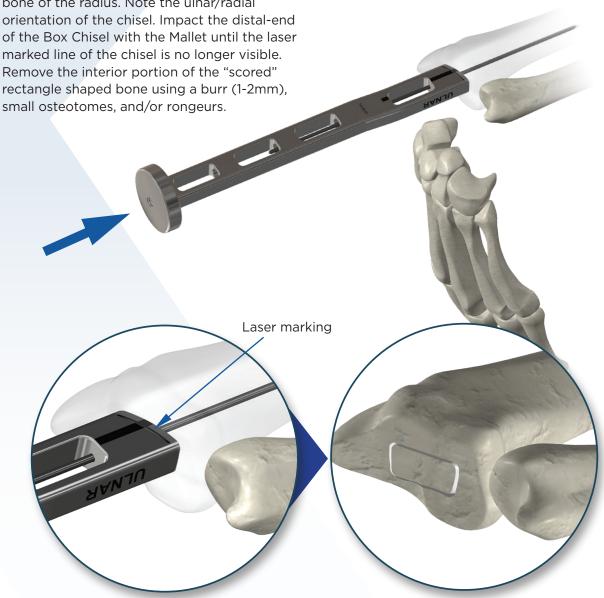
**Position/Placement** Utilizing fluoroscopy, insert the 1.6mm guidewire down the center of the radial canal approximately half of its length (~75mm). The typical guidewire starting point should be located below the Lister tubercle in the dorsal/ulnar quadrant of the scaphoid fossa. Confirm that the guidewire is centered in the radial canal on both the AP and lateral views.

### Step 4. Preparation for Broaching

As a preparatory step for broaching for the Radial Stem implant, the Cannulated Box Chisel is used to score the subchondral bone of the radius.

Slide the Cannulated Box Chisel over the 1.6mm Guidewire and down to subchondral bone of the radius. Note the ulnar/radial orientation of the chisel. Impact the distal-end of the Box Chisel with the Mallet until the laser marked line of the chisel is no longer visible. Remove the interior portion of the "scored" rectangle shaped bone using a burr (1-2mm),

Note: If utilizing a burr, run the burr around the edges created by the Box Chisel to remove the cortical bone. The remaining bone can remain in-situ for impaction grafting when the Radial Broaches are used in the next step.



### Step 5. Radial Broaching

It is recommended to sequentially broach the radial canal. Attach the Size 1 Radial Broach to the Broach Handle by inserting the threaded shaft from the handle into the female thread in the Radial Broach while tightening the thread engagement by turning the knob at the top of the broach handle in the clockwise direction.

Note: line up the black laser marking on the Broach Handle to the line on the broach.

Advance the Radial Broach over the guidewire taking care to orient the Broach Handle so that the ulnar and radial markings on the Broach Handle are in the proper orientation for the anatomy. Also, ensure that the Radial Broach and Radial Handle are in correct longitudinal alignment with the radius prior to impacting the Broach Handle with a Mallet. Impact the Broach Handle with the Mallet until the flange comes in contact with the prepared radius. Sequentially broach up to the size of the Radial Stem which achieves the best radial canal fit and fill. Verify the Broach fit in the radial canal using fluoroscopy.



### Step 6. Radial Trialing

Place the Trial assembly into the cavity created in the distal radius by the broach. Gently reduce the carpus onto the bearing surface of the Radial Trial. Assess and verify the implant size for fit and wrist range of motion. Substitute the initial Radial Trial for other size trials until satisfactory fit and range of motion are achieved. When satisfactory fit and ROM are achieved, remove the trial.

Note: If insufficient laxity is present while trialing with size STD, the Carpal Resection Guide (next step) should be set to the +2 position.

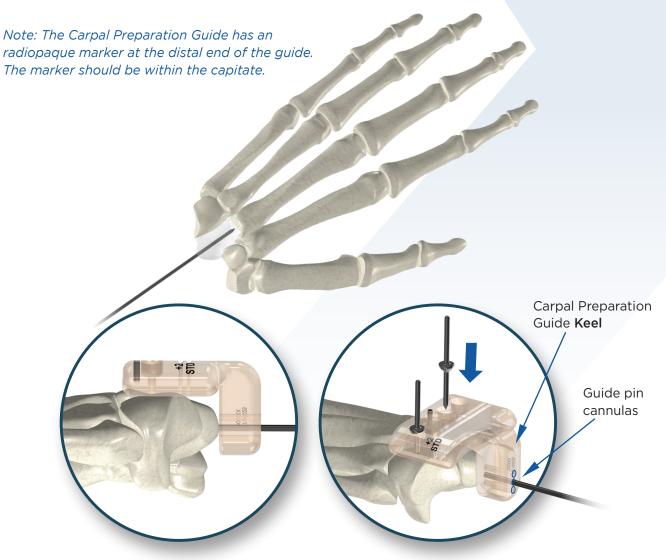


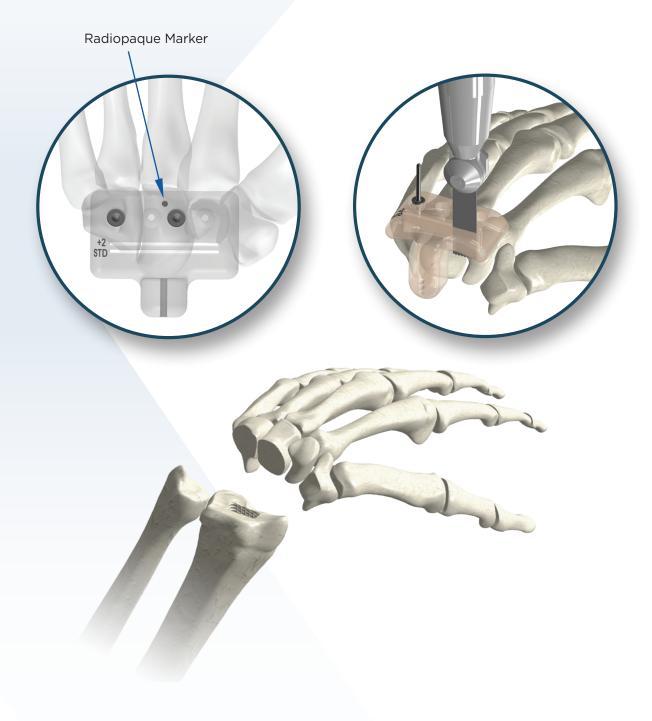
### Step 7. Carpal Bone Preparation

Place a 1.6mm Guidewire into the capitate stopping short of the CMC joint. Advance the wire to the isthmus. Verify positioning with fluoroscopy. This wire should be placed center-center in the capitate.

Place the Carpal Resection Guide over this Guidewire taking care to advance it so that it is contact with the capitate. The keel of the Carpal Resection Guide has several hole options. Dock the Carpal Resection Guide with the top-most hole on the keel that allows for an unrestricted abutment of keel to the capitate.

Pin the Carpal Resection Guide dorsally with two Olive Wires. Resect the proximal aspect of the capitate and hamate. The STD marking represents the standard anatomic alignment. The surgeon has the option to excise +2mm if the STD trial demonstrates excess tension when articulating with the native capitate as demonstrated in the previous Radial Trial step.



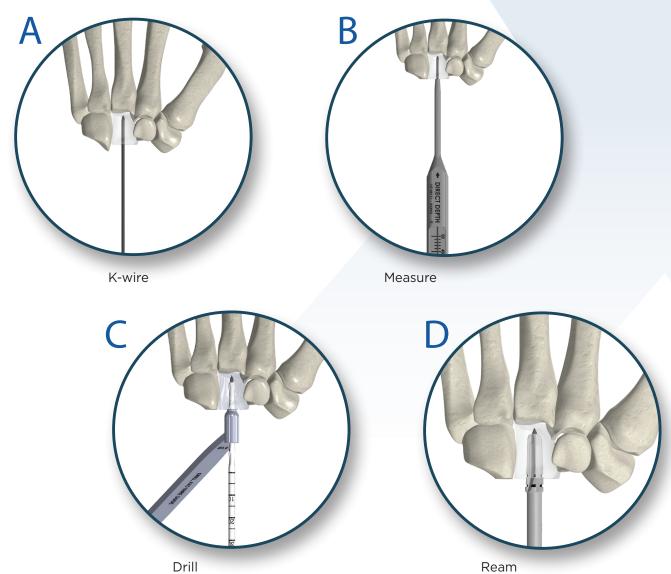


### **Step 8. Carpal Bone Preparation**

Using the previous wire hole, place a 1.6mm guidewire in the center of the capitate taking care not to violate the third metatarsal/capitate joint. The Carpal Preparation Guide can be used to reinsert the wire orthogonal to the prepared capitate. Confirm wire placement using fluoroscopy.

Measure the guidewire with the cannulated depth gauge (direct depth) to determine the appropriate sized Stem for the Baseplate.

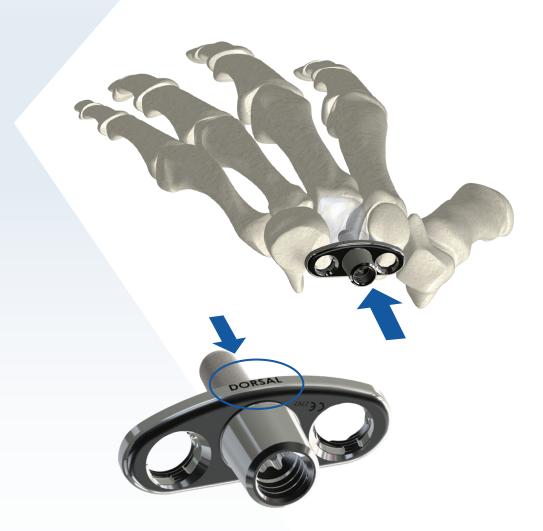
Drill with the 3.0mm Drill, and then ream over the wire with the Reamer to prepare for the stem of the baseplate. Note, the first line on the Reamer is for the 12mm stem and the second line is for 15mm. Advance the Reamer until the laser marking is below the end of the resected capitate. This will ensure enough space has been created to fully seat the stem of the Baseplate. Remove bone within the reamed space to allow for proper seating of the Baseplate.



### Step 9. Baseplate Insertion

The 2nd CMC joints should be prepared for a fusion prior to placing the Baseplate. For cementing the Baseplate – it is recommended to prepare the holes for the screws prior to injecting the bone cement.

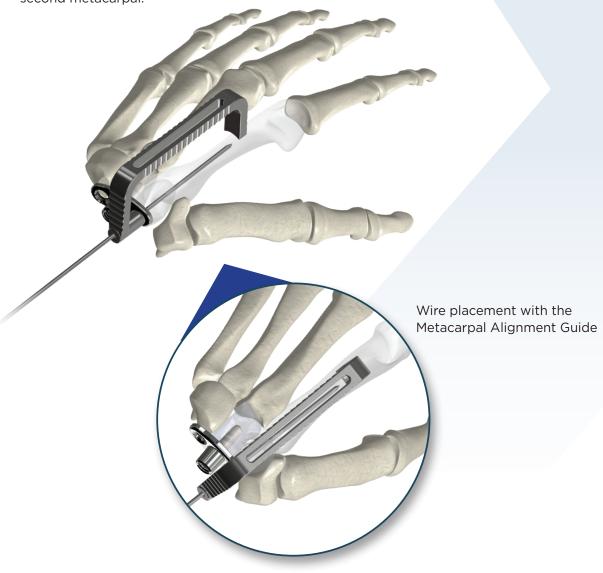
Orient the Baseplate ensuring that the Dorsal side (curved side) is aligned dorsally. Insert the Baseplate by pressing the stem into the capitate and the plate against the distally resected carpus using the T20 driver. The driver can be impacted to fully seat the plate.



### Step 10. Carpal Plate Fixation

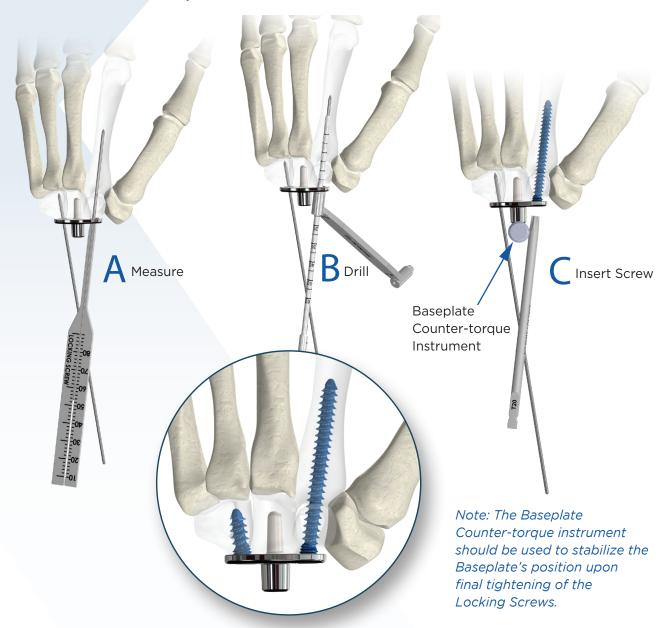
Two Locking Screws will be placed in the Baseplate— the first past the 2nd CMC joint into the Metacarpal, and the other into the Hamate.

Advance a 1.6mm guidewire through the trapezoid into the center of the index metacarpal adjacent to the isthmus. To assist with the placement of this wire, align the distal end of the Metacarpal Alignment Guide with the second metacarpal.



Measure the wire with the cannulated depth gauge (locking screw side) to determine the appropriate screw length. Drill over the wire with a 3.0mm Cannulated Drill to prepare for screw insertion. Repeat with the same wire placement and drilling steps on the ulnar side into the hamate. Utilize fluoroscopy to take care not to violate the CMC joint.

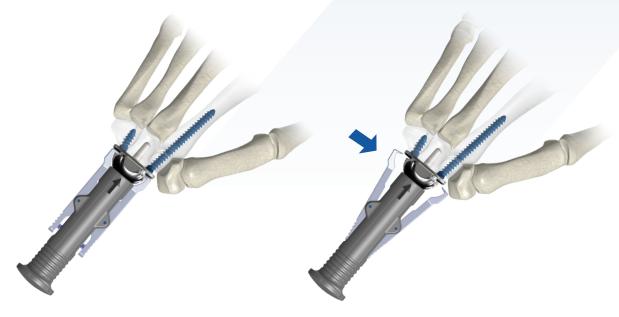
Remove the Baseplate and inject cement into the prepared holes. Reinsert the Baseplate and insert the Locking Screws with the T-20 Driver. It is recommended to place both screws prior to final tightening.

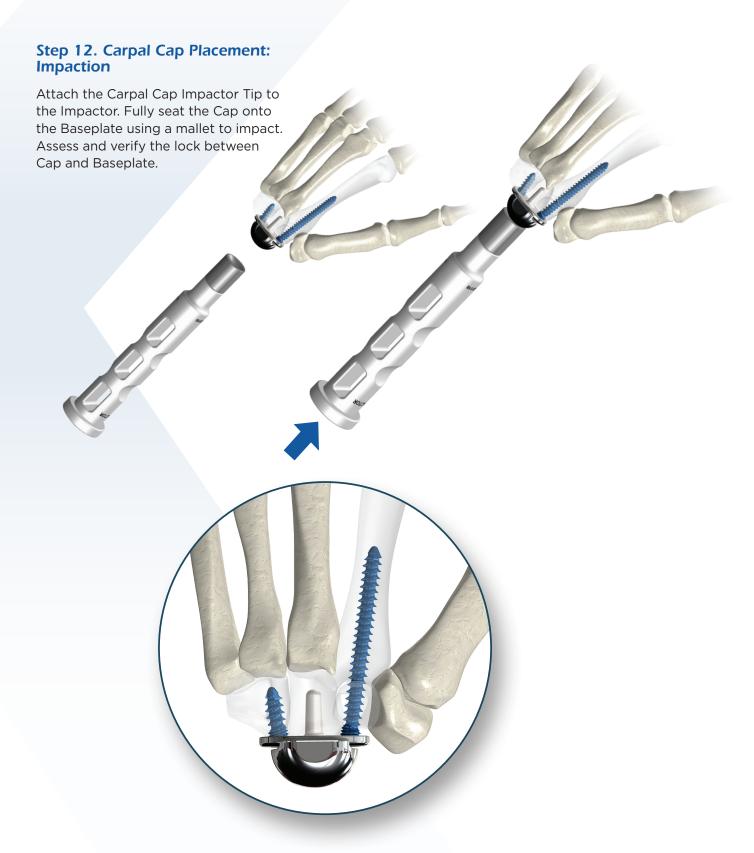






Place the Cap onto the taper and squeeze the tabs on the sides of the Cap Holder to release the Cap as you tamp it into place.

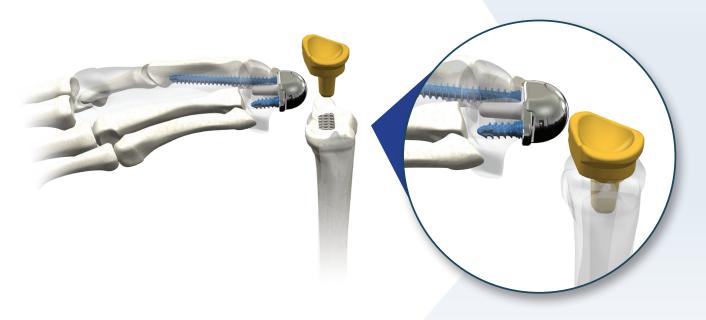




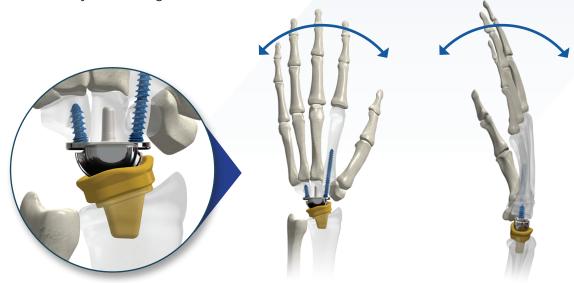
### Step 13. Tray Assembly

Confirm the Radial size by placing the Radial Trial size determined in the earlier trial step into the radial canal. Gently reduce the Carpal Cap with the surface of the Radial Trial. Assess and verify fit and wrist range of motion.

If the joint has too much laxity, switch-out the Radial Trial to one of the larger sizes and reassess for fit and ROM. Select the Radial Tray Assembly and Stem Implants that corresponds to this trial.



Range of Motion: After radial trial insertion, verify ROM and assess motion by articulating the wrist.

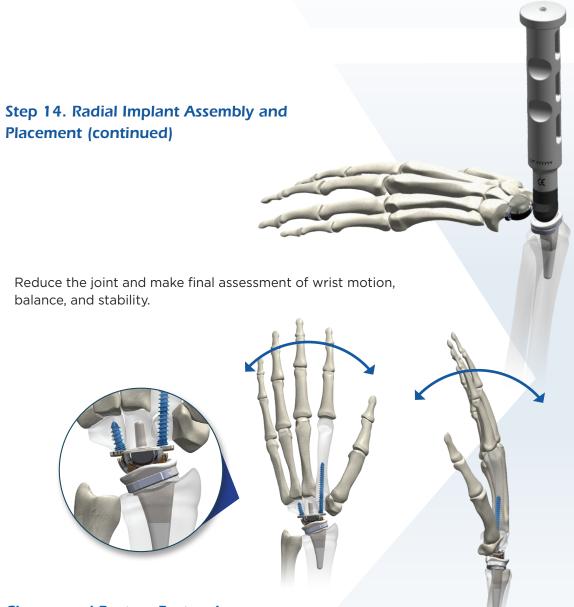


# Step 14. Radial Implant Assembly and Placement

Load the selected Radial Stem (size determined by the initial broaching step) into the corresponding pocket of the Impaction Stand. Align the taper and position the Stem with their mating features on the selected Radial Tray Assembly.

Attach the Radial Impactor Tip to the Impactor. Impact the Radial Tray Assembly with the Impactor and Mallet until it is fully seated onto the Stem. Assess and verify the lock between the Radial Tray Assembly and Stem.





# Closure and Post-op Protocol Recommendations

After thorough irrigation, re-approximate the proximally-based capsular flap to the rim of capsular tissue on the ulnar, distal and radial aspects of the carpus, using a running or interrupted 3-0 nonabsorbable suture. Replace the tendons in their bed, and close the retinaculum as needed with a running or interrupted 2-0 absorbable suture. The surgeon may transpose the EPL out of the retinaculum at their discretion. The skin is closed routinely, and the wrist immobilized in a short arm splint with the digits and thumb free for 7-10 days. The patient is encouraged to perform supination and pronation exercises as well as digital

exercises during the immediate postoperative period. Further immobilization should be directed by the surgeon as indicated by the stability of the prosthesis at surgery. In most cases, it is advisable to begin range of motion exercises in all planes, including circumduction and dart-throwing motion immediately following removal of the postoperative splint. A resting orthosis is helpful for comfort and the patient should be advised to avoid weight bearing, resistance loading, strengthening or athletic activity for at least six weeks postoperatively. Gradual return to activities should be permitted as strength and flexibility permit.

The KinematX Total Wrist Arthroplasty System is a modular system which allows for the combination of its components. Below is a summary of the compatible combinations of these components.



### **Screw Compatibility**

All locking screws provided in the system are compatible with all baseplates.

### **Baseplate and Cap Compatibility Matrix**

Standard Baseplate, 12mm Stem

Carpal Cap
(one size)

### **Radial Assembly and Cap Compatibility Matrix**

Radial Tray Assembly, (L or R) Std

Radial Tray Assembly, (L or R) +2mm

Radial Tray Assembly, (L or R) +4mm

Radial Tray Assembly, (L or R) +6mm

Carpal Cap
(one size)

#### Radial Stem and Radial Tray Assembly Compatibility Matrix

Radial Stem Size 1

Radial Stem Size 3

All Radial Tray Assembly Sizes
(L or R), Std, +2mm, +4mm, +6mm

Radial Stem Size 3

# **KinematX Implant Removal Instructions**

### **Proximal Components**

Disassemble the Radial Assembly from the stem by wedging a straight osteotome between the two components on the dorsal side. Remove the Radial Assembly. Attach the Stem Extractor to the Stem, and impact the underside of the Stem Extractor's impaction cap to back the Stem out of the radius. The Slap Hammer may also be attached to the impaction cap to remove the Stem.



### **Distal Components**

Separate the Cap from the Baseplate by wedging a straight osteotome between the Cap and the Baseplate. After removing the Cap, utilize the T20 driver to remove the Locking Screws in a counter-clockwise fashion.

A Slap Hammer can be attached to the thread inside the baseplate to facilitate removal of the baseplate from the capitate bone.

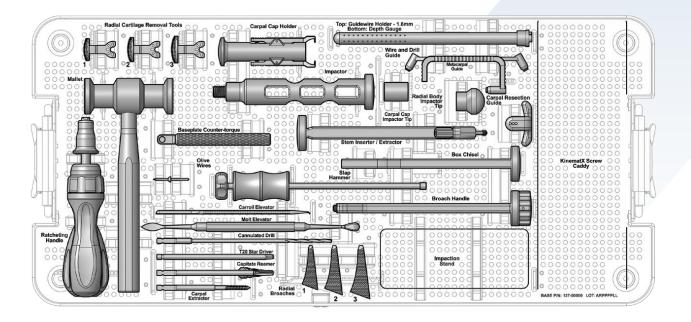
# **KinematX Total Wrist System Implants and Instruments**

### **Implants (Sterile Packed)**

Part #	Description
115-11000-S	Radial Stem - Size 1; Sterile Packed
115-21000-S	Radial Stem - Size 2; Sterile Packed
115-31000-S	Radial Stem - Size 3; Sterile Packed
137-30001-S	Radial Tray Assembly - LEFT, STD; Sterile Packed
137-30002-S	Radial Tray Assembly - RIGHT, STD; Sterile Packed
137-30201-S	Radial Tray Assembly - LEFT, +2; Sterile Packed
137-30202-S	Radial Tray Assembly - RIGHT, +2; Sterile Packed
137-30401-S	Radial Tray Assembly - LEFT, +4; Sterile Packed
137-30402-S	Radial Tray Assembly - RIGHT, +4; Sterile Packed
137-30601-S	Radial Tray Assembly - LEFT, +6; Sterile Packed
137-30602-S	Radial Tray Assembly - RIGHT, +6; Sterile Packed
137-50012-S	Standard Baseplate, 12mm Stem; Sterile Packed
137-50015-S	Standard Baseplate, 15mm Stem; Sterile Packed
137-31000-S	Carpal Cap; Sterile Packed

### Screws

Part #	Description
137-47515	4.75mm Locking Screw x 15
137-47520	4.75mm Locking Screw x 20
137-47525	4.75mm Locking Screw x 25
137-47530	4.75mm Locking Screw x 30
137-47535	4.75mm Locking Screw x 35
137-47540	4.75mm Locking Screw x 40
137-47545	4.75mm Locking Screw x 45
137-47550	4.75mm Locking Screw x 50



### **Reusable Instruments**

Part #	Description
137-00015	Carpal Extractor
137-00013	Carpal Cap Holder
137-00020	Carpal Preparation Guide
137-00023	·
	Baseplate Counter-torque
137-00111	KinematX Depth Gauge
137-00115	Broach Handle
137-00116	Impactor
137-00117	Radial Impactor Tip
137-00118	Carpal Cap Impactor Tip
137-01600	Metacarpal Alignment Guide
137-01630	Wire and Drill Guide
137-03001	Radial Trial- LEFT, STD
137-03002	Radial Trial - RIGHT, STD
137-03201	Radial Trial - LEFT, +2
137-03202	Radial Trial - RIGHT, +2
137-03401	Radial Trial - LEFT, +4
137-03402	Radial Trial - RIGHT, +4
137-03601	Radial Trial - LEFT, +6
137-03602	Radial Trial - RIGHT, +6
148-00010	T20 Star Driver
148-02039	Ratcheting Handle
GS-43.3680	Carroll Elevator
GS-43.3700	Molt #9 Elevator
101-00009	Guidewire Holder - 1.6mm
102-00017	Palm Handle
102-00022	Slap Hammer
115-00003	Mallet
115-00112	Stem Inserter / Extractor
115-00120	Impaction Stand

## **Disposable Instruments**

Part #	Description
101-00006	Trocar Guide Wire Dia = 1.6mm **
115-00102	Radial Box Chisel
118-00006	Post Reamer
118-02030	Cannulated Drill
137-00005	Radial Cartilage Removal Tool - Size 1
137-00006	Radial Cartilage Removal Tool - Size 2
137-00007	Radial Cartilage Removal Tool - Size 3
137-00010	Capitate Reamer
137-01001	Radial Broach Size 1
137-01002	Radial Broach Size 2
137-01003	Radial Broach Size 3
144-61111	Olive Wire 1.6mm, Smooth, Short

(Stored w/in holder)\*\*



### **Delivering**

a smarter approach for total wrist **Period**.

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973.588.8980

ExtremityMedical.com

customers ervice@Extremity Medical.com

300 Interpace Parkway, Suite 410 | Parsippany, NJ 07054